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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/606,159

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Nebojsa Janjic

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LITTLETON, CO 80120

EXAMINER

VIVLEMORE, TRACY ANN

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1635

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

12/10/2008

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/606,159	<b>Applicant(s)</b> JANJIC ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Tracy Vivlemore	<b>Art Unit</b> 1635	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 September 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-6 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 7-10 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)          | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

### **DETAILED ACTION**

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

#### ***Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114***

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on September 3, 2008 has been entered.

#### ***Election/Restrictions***

Claims 1-6 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on February 16, 2006.

#### ***Double Patenting***

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory

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obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 7-10 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12, 15, 26, 27 and 34 of U.S. Patent No. 6,582,918 in view of Gold et al. (of record) and Zimmerman et al. (US 5,425,940). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from

each other because the patent claims are directed to methods that comprise the same steps as the instant claims.

Instant claims 7 and 9 are directed to methods of improving the pharmacokinetic properties of a PDGF nucleic acid ligand comprising the steps of covalently linking a PDGF nucleic acid ligand of SEQ ID NO: 146 with a non-immunogenic, high molecular weight compound or lipophilic compound to form a complex and administering said complex to a patient. Claim 9 recites the inclusion of 5' 40K PEG, which is a structure shown in instant figure 9A.

Claims 15 and 27 of the '918 patent are directed to methods of treating fibrosis or inhibiting restenosis and claim the same steps as the instant claims: forming a complex of a PDGF nucleic acid ligand with a non-immunogenic, high molecular weight compound or lipophilic compound to form a complex and administering said complex to a patient. Claims 26 and 34 recite that the methods are performed with a complex that comprises SEQ ID NO: 146 and has the PEG structure of instant claim 9. Because claims 15 and 27 recite method steps identical to those of the instant claims and claims 26 and 34 recite the methods are performed with a complex having the structure recited in claim 9, these claims anticipate claims 7 and 9. Further, because the method steps are identical, it would be expected that performing the method of either claim 15 or claim 27 will have the effect of improving the pharmacokinetic properties of the PDGF nucleic acid ligand. The '918 patent supports this conclusion, teaching at column 17, line 44 through column 18, line 3 that the association of a nucleic acid ligand with a non-

immunogenic high molecule weight compound or lipophilic compound will result in several advantages, one of which is improved pharmacokinetic properties.

Instant claim 8 is directed to a method of targeting a therapeutic or diagnostic agent to a location expressing PDGF in a patient comprising the steps of covalently linking a therapeutic or diagnostic agents to a complex comprising the PDGF nucleic acid ligand of SEQ ID NO: 146 and a non-immunogenic, high molecular weight compound or lipophilic compound to form a complex and administering the complex to a patient. Claim 10 recites the use of the 5' 40K PEG described above.

Claim 12 of the '918 patent is directed to a method of inhibiting the growth of tumors expressing PDGF by forming a complex of a PDGF nucleic acid ligand with a non-immunogenic, high molecular weight compound or lipophilic compound to form a complex and administering said complex to a patient. When performing this method, one of ordinary skill in the art would look to the working examples of the '918 patent for guidance regarding suitable nucleic acid ligands and would find that the patent teaches that SEQ ID NO: 146 conjugated with 5' 40K PEG is efficacious in inhibiting restenosis and treating glomerulonephritis.

While claim 12 of the '918 patent does not teach combining the nucleic acid ligand complex with a therapeutic agent, one of ordinary skill in the art would it obvious to do so because Gold et al. (of record) teach that nucleic acid ligands can be used for drug delivery and those in the art recognize (see Zimmerman et al., column 3) that cancer therapies routinely involve combinations of therapeutic agents. Thus claims 8

and 10 are an obvious variation of claim 12 of the '918 patent in view of the teachings of Gold et al. and Zimmerman et al.

### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tracy Vivlemore whose telephone number is 571-272-2914. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James (Doug) Schultz, can be reached on 571-272-0763. The central FAX Number is 571-273-8300.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It

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also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>.

For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-9199.

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